



Organic Industries

A voice for Australia's organic industries



Policy
Partners

Consultation Workshops

September — October 2017

The Project

1

Australian Organic Industry Working Group

- 30+ industry leaders collaborating

2

Main objective

- Present a harmonised voice to Governments
- One outcome could be a new national peak body

3

Project manager

- Policy Partners
- Conference with Government
- Workshop with the AOIWG
- Open communication channels
- Regional consultations
- Roadmap—end September

Objectives

Explain

the project and process to organic producers in a range of regional locations

Understand

what the views are of a broad cross-section of organic producers

Gauge

the likely support for a new peak body—both political and financial support

Determine

whether there is a preferred model for a possible new peak body

Determine

the speed of reform that organic producers might be comfortable with

Value creation and
a compelling
business case

Membership and
corporate
structure

Standards and
integrity

Market access

Improving R&D
coordination and
innovation

Planning for
growth and
industry
development

Review of the
Export Control Act

Themes



Value creation and a compelling business case

1

Must launch and maintain a compelling business case which generates real and continuing value

2

Value is generated through providing services and functions

- Members
- Potential members
- Other stakeholders

3

Results-oriented actions and achievements around issues of key importance to members and stakeholders

Membership and corporate structure

- In agriculture, many different types of peak body:
 - Commodity based, eg Cotton Australia
 - Supply chain based, eg Red Meat Advisory Council
 - Thematic, eg National Irrigators
 - Overarching, eg NFF, VFF
- National representation and lobbying requires specific skills and resources
 - Running an office
 - Specialists – policy analysts, lobbyists, communications
 - Overt and covert influencing
 - Membership democracy

Prescribe

to growers what is allowed and not allowed to be practised or used in growing the crop and stock, and provide details about inputs allowed or disallowed

Prescribe

to others in the food chain, such as processors, transporters, importers and exporters, which processes and substances are allowed in the pursuit of their activities

Indicate

to consumers how organic products are produced

Allow

legislators and regulators to facilitate compliance through regulation

Standards and integrity

Review of the *Export Control Act*

- The *Export Control Act* will expire after 30 June 2020
- Regulation of organic exports is unique
 - based on parameters of quality of production
 - not sanitary/phytosanitary concerns
- Govt review underway
 - Report by 30 June 2018
 - Organic industry separate treatment
- In the absence of specific domestic regulation for organic production, the export regulation of organics has become the default domestic regulation of the sector.

Market access

- Commonwealth Government
 - Multi-lateral trade
 - Bilateral trade agreements
 - Technical barriers to trade
- Forms of market access
 - Harmonisation
 - Equivalency
 - Mutual recognition
 - Conformity assessment
- Industry responsible for exploiting opportunities

Improving R&D coordination and innovation

Australia's organic industries are diverse, spanning bioregions, industry types with many kinds of products and production systems

Challenge of diversity: how to organise and coordinate R&D and sponsor innovation?

A peak body may be useful in playing a role in coordinating the relevant agricultural agencies and RDCs

Planning for growth and industry development

- certified organic operations in 2016 up 5%
- 1,163 certified processors
- 513 certified handlers
- 53% of the world's organic farmland by area
- tonnage exported up 17%
- \$1.7 billion (includes post farm gate value add)
 - \$1.4 billion exports
 - \$300 million domestic
- In 2014 Sweden up 40% in an established market

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Wrap up